JONESVILLE COMMUNITY SCHOOLS

202 Wright St. • Jonesville, MI 49250 • Phone 517-849-9075 • Fax 517-849-2434



MASB SUPERINTENDENT Evaluation Process

Planning: At the beginning of the year in which the evaluation is to occur, the Board of Education and superintendent convene a meeting in public and agree upon the following items:

- Evaluation instrument
- Evaluation timeline and key dates
- Performance goals (if necessary beyond performance indicators outlined in rubric, district-wide improvement goals and student growth model)
- Appropriate benchmarks and checkpoints (formal and informal) throughout year
- Artifacts to be used to evidence superintendent performance
- Process for compiling the year-end evaluation
- Process and individual(s) responsible for conducting the evaluation conference with the superintendent
- Process and individual(s) responsible for establishing a performance improvement plan for the superintendent, if needed
- Process and individual(s) responsible for sharing the evaluation results with the community

Checkpoints: The Board of Education and superintendent meet at key points in the evaluation year as follows:

- Three months in Informal update Superintendent provides written update to the board. Board president shares with the superintendent any specific concerns/questions from the board.
- Six months in Formal update Superintendent provides update on progress along with available evidence prior to convening a meeting in public. Board president collects questions from the board and provides to superintendent prior to meeting. Board and superintendent discuss progress and make adjustments to course or goals, if needed.
- Nine months in Informal update Superintendent provides written update to the board. Board president shares with the superintendent any specific concerns/questions from the board.
- 11-12 months in Formal evaluation Superintendent conducts self-evaluation; presents portfolio with evidence to Board of Education (made available prior to meeting). Board members review portfolio prior to evaluation meeting; seek clarification as needed. Board president (or consultant) facilitates evaluation. Formal evaluation is adopted by Board of Education.

NCA Accredited by the North Central Association of Colleges and Schools

Evidence

Validity, reliability and efficacy of the MASB 2016 Superintendent Evaluation instrument relies upon board members using evidence to score superintendent performance.

- Artifacts to serve as evidence of superintendent performance should be identified at the beginning of the evaluation cycle and mutually agreed upon by the Board of Education and the superintendent.
- Artifacts should be limited to only what is needed to inform scoring superintendent performance. Excessive artifacts cloud the evaluation process and waste precious time and resources.
- Boards of education and superintendents should establish when artifacts are to be provided, i.e., as they originate, at designated checkpoints, during self-evaluation, etc.

A list of possible artifacts that may be used as evidence is provided at the end of each professional practice domain rubric. Appendix D of the evaluation instrument offers additional artifacts that may serve as evidence of performance.

Conducting the Formal Evaluation and Conference

Prior to meeting:

- Superintendent prepares self-evaluation, compiles evidence and provides to Board of Education.
- Board members seek clarity as needed regarding self-evaluation or evidence provided.
- Board of Education members receive blank evaluation instrument and make individual notes about their observations.

During meeting:

- Superintendent presents self-evaluation and evidence. Superintendent remains present throughout the meeting.
- Board president reviews with Board of Education superintendent's self-evaluation and evidence provided for each domain and facilitates conversation about performance.
- Score is assigned for each performance indicator via consensus of the Board of Education.
- Upon completion of all performance indicators within all domains, board president calculates overall professional practice score and identifies the correlating rating.
- Board president reviews with Board of Education evidence provided related to progress toward district-wide goals.
- Score is assigned for progress toward district-wide goals via consensus of Board of Education.
- Board president reviews with Board of Education evidence provided related to district's student growth model.
- Score is assigned for student growth via consensus of Board of Education.
- Board president calculates overall evaluation score based on professional practice, progress toward district-wide improvement goals and student growth ratings.

Jonesville Community Schools

- Board president makes note of themes/trends identified by the Board of Education during the evaluation.
- Board president calls for vote to adopt completed year-end evaluation for superintendent.
- Superintendent notes his/her comments on evaluation.
- Board president and superintendent sign completed evaluation form.

After the meeting:

- Completed evaluation form reflects Board of Education's assessment of superintendent's performance.
- Board president works with superintendent to coordinate public statement about superintendent's performance.

Contingencies:

If a superintendent is rated as minimally effective or ineffective, the Board of Education must develop and require the superintendent to implement an improvement plan to correct the deficiencies. The improvement plan must recommend professional development opportunities and other actions designed to improve the rating of the superintendent on his/her next annual evaluation.

If a superintendent is rated as highly effective on three consecutive annual evaluations, the Board of Education may choose to conduct an evaluation biennially instead of annually. However, if a superintendent is not rated as highly effective on one of these biennial evaluations, the superintendent must again be evaluated annually.

Developing an Individual Development Plan

Individual Development Plans are an excellent way of helping employees develop their skills. Boards of education should encourage superintendents to develop an IDP in order to foster professional development.

In the event that a superintendent receives a rating that is less than effective, the law requires the creation of an IDP. The following process is a framework for creating and implementing an IDP for the superintendent:

- During the evaluation conference, the Board of Education provides clear feedback to the superintendent in the domain(s) in which he/she received a less than effective rating.
- A committee of the Board of Education is established to support and monitor the superintendent's development.
- The superintendent drafts an IDP and presents it to the committee for feedback and approval. The IDP outlines clear growth objectives, as well as the training and development activities in which the superintendent will engage to accomplish objectives. The committee reviews, provides feedback and approves the IDP.
- The committee meets quarterly with the superintendent to monitor and discuss progress.
- The superintendent reports progress on his/her IDP with his/her self-evaluation prior to the formal annual evaluation.

Jonesville Community Schools **Training**

MASB provides training on its 2016 Superintendent Evaluation instrument to board members and superintendents via a cadre of certified trainers. Training is as follows:

Fundamentals of Evaluation: This training covers the fundamentals of evaluation including legal requirements, essential elements of a performance evaluation system and processes for establishing superintendent performance goals and expectations. This session may not be necessary for participants who have attended Board Member Certification Courses (CBAs) 300 and 301, or who have documented participation in in-district workshops focused on superintendent evaluation conducted by MASB trainers. It is offered at various locations on an individual registration basis or as requested in cooperation with intermediate school districts.

Instrument-Specific Training: This training covers the use of the MASB 2016 Superintendent Evaluation instrument including the cycle and processes of evaluation, rating superintendent performance on the rubric, as well as the use of evidence to evaluate superintendent performance. This training fulfills the requirement of evaluator training for board members as well as evaluate training for superintendents whose districts are evaluating their superintendent with the MASB 2016 Superintendent Evaluation instrument. It is conducted on-location in districts with board members and superintendent present.